Map 96 Hyrcania

Compiled by E.J. Keall and M. Roaf, 1997

Introduction

Portions of four natural regions dominate the map: the Caspian Sea (for its level, see the Introduction to Map 90); the flat plains east of it; the Alburz mountains; and the central desert of Iran.

The region is not well-known archaeologically. The Gurgan plain has been surveyed by Kiani (1982), and the region round [Damghan] by Trinkhaus (1989); but very little research has been carried out elsewhere. Because the coastal plains south of the Caspian receive abundant rainfall, they are intensely farmed today, and were no doubt densely settled in antiquity too, as was the Gurgan plain. Otherwise, human settlement was only possible where water was available. Today, many settlements south of the Alburz mountains are dependent on the tapping of the groundwater by means of underground canals known as *qanats*. It is uncertain how early this technology was exploited in the region. The lower slopes of the Alburz support extensive forests and may well have contained permanent settlements, but the more elevated regions would only have been used by herders in the summer months. The lack of rainfall to the north of the Gurgan plain, as well as south of the Alburz, means that few permanent settlements existed there.

The "Alexander Wall" or "Red Snake," running for approximately 95 miles, formed the border of Hyrcania, and served as a barrier against the tribes to the north (Kiani 1982). It was probably erected in the Parthian period, but remained in use in the Sasanian period (when some of the forts along it may have been built). The location of the pre-Islamic city of G(o)urgan is uncertain. It may have been in the neighborhood of the Islamic city of [Jurjan], but remains of earlier date have not been found. The possibility that the name might have moved is highlighted by the fact that the name Gurgan is now attached to the city known until the early twentieth century as Asterabad, and situated some 50 miles west-south-west of Jurjan.

The location of tribal groups is difficult to establish, so that the proposed locations for the few marked may well be inaccurate. Many tribes moved with the seasons to exploit the pastures available for their flocks. Tribes also moved into new areas, either voluntarily like the (A)Parni in the third century B.C., or under pressure from the ruling powers, like the Mardi (not marked) who were moved to guard the region round the Caspiae Portae (Map 92 H1), west of Cho(a)rene.

Directory

All place names are in Iran unless otherwise noted

Names

Grid	Name	Period	Modern Name / Location	Reference
C1	[Abaskun]? = Gumush tepe [Akhur]/	L?	N R. Atrek TKM	Barthold 1984, 118
	[Dihistan]? Apameia (Rhagiane)? = [Khuvar]			
D1	(A)Parni			See Map 97
C2	Atrek/		IRN / TKM	Strabo 11.8.1; RE $\Sigma \acute{a}\varrho\nu(\varepsilon)\iota o\varsigma$; RE Sideris
	Sideris?/			
	Sarnios? fl.			

Grid	Name	Period	Modern Name / Location	Reference
A3	Babol/ Chindrum?/ Erindes?/	HR		RE Charinda; RE Chindrum flumen
C2 D3	Charinda(s)? fl. Bibi Shervan [Bistam]	RL R?L	Bastam	Kiani 1982 Trinkhaus 1984
A1	Caspium/ Hyrcanium Mare Charinda(s)? fl. = Babol R. Chindrum? fl. = Babol R.			See Map 90
A4	Choara = [Khuvar] Cho(a)rene			EncIran Choara and Choarene
D2 C3	Dahae = Daoi Daland Qal'eh [Damghan]/ [(Medinat) Qumis]	HRL L?	TVM	Kiani 1982 Le Strange 1905; Trinkhaus 1989
C1	Daoi/ Dahae		TKM	See Map 97
D2 C1	Dasht Qal'eh Dihistan [Dihistan]? = [Akhur]	C?HRL	TKM	Kiani 1982 Le Strange 1905, 414-15
	Erindes? fl. = $Babol R$.			
D2	Gabri Qal'eh	HRL		Kiani 1982
C2	G(o)urgan? = [Jurjan] Gumush tepel [Abaskun]?/ Sokanda?	H?RL?	on an island at times engulfed by sea (Le Strange 1905)	Barthold 1984, 117; EncIs Abaskun
D2	Gurgan/ Maziris?/ Maxeras? fl. Gurgan = Varkana Gurgan? = [Jurjan]			Pliny, NH 6.46; Ptol. 6.9.2; RE Hyrkania, col. 464; RE Maξῆραι; RE Sideris
C4	Harborz M. = Padishkhwar(gar)? M. Hecatompylos?/ Komish/ [(Shahr-i) Qumis] Hyrcanium Mare = Caspium Mare Hyrcania = Varkana	CHRL/ RL	Shahr-i Qumis	Hansman 1968
D2	Jar-i Kulbad [Jurjan]/ G(o)urgan?	RL		See Walls Kiani 1984; Gyselen 1989, 84-85
C3	Kabudan tepel	R?L	near Aliabad	Kiani 1984; Gyselen 1989, 4, 26, 50
C3	Varoshag? <i>Kharabshahrl</i>	R?L		Bivar 1966
	[Tamis]?/ [Tammisha]? Khosro-shad-Peroz = Tureng tepe			
A4	[Khuvar]/ Choara/ Apameia (Rhagiane)?	L?/ HRL/ HR?	near Aradan	EncIran Choara

Grid	Name	Period	Modern Name / Location	Reference
B4	Komisene/ Komish Komish = Hecatompylos?		Shahr-i Qumis	RE Comisene; Gyselen 1989
	Maxeras? fl. = Gurgan R. Maziris? fl. = Gurgan R. [(Medinat) Qumis] = [Damghan]			
В3	<i>Nekal</i> Ridagnus? fl.	СН		RE Ridagnus; RE Στιβοίτης
A4	Padishkhwar(gar)?/ Pressouar?/ Harborz M. Parni = (A)Parni Pressouar? M. = Padishkhwar(gar)? M.	CHR		EncIran Alborz; Herzfeld 1968; Gyselen 1989, 80-81
D2 D2 D2 C3	Qal'eh Gawmishli Qal'eh Gug Qal'eh Kanizak Qal'eh Khandanl	HR HR HR C?HRL	in Astarabad (Gurgan)	Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 RE Ζαδράκαρτα; Kiani 1982; 1984, 14
C2 D2 C2 D2 C2 C2 C3 D2	Zadrakarta? Qal'eh Kharabeh Qal'eh Paras Qal'eh Qarniareq Qal'eh Sultan Ali Qal'eh Tokhmaq Qal'eh Yasaqi Qara Shikh tepe Qizil Alan = Sadd-i	HRL HR HRL C?HRL C?HRL HRL HR	in Astarabad (Gurgan)	Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982 Kiani 1982
C2	Eskandar Qizil Qal'eh [Qumis] = [Damghan] [Qumis] = Hecatompylos?	C?HRL		Kiani 1982
	Ridagnus? fl. = Neka R.			
	Sadd-i Eskandar/ Sadd-i Anushirvan/ Qizil Alan Sarnios? fl. = Atrek R. Sideris? fl. = Atrek R.			See Walls
В3	[Sari(ya)]/ Zadrakarta?	L?/ HRL	Sari	RE Ζαδράκαρτα; Engels 1978, 84
B4	[Semnan]/ Semina [(Shahr-i) Qumis] = Hecatompylos? Sokanda? = Gumush tepe	L?/ RL		RE 2; Hansman 1970
A3	[Tamis]? = <i>Kharabshahr</i> [Tammisha]? = <i>Kharabshahr</i> Tapouroi			See Map 90

Grid	Name	Period	Modern Name / Location	Reference
C3 C3 C2	Tepe Hissar Tepe Nareshan Tureng tepe/ Khosro-shad-Peroz	R?L C?HRL ACHRL/ L		Trinkhaus 1989 Trinkhaus 1989 Boucharlat 1987; Gyselen 1989, 4, 26, 50
C2	Varkana/ Hyrcania/ Gurgan Varoshag? = Kabudan tepe		IRN / TKM	Kiani 1984; Gyselen 1989
	Zadrakarta? = [Sari(ya)] Zadrakarta? = <i>Qal'eh</i> <i>Khandan</i>			

Walls

Grid	Name / Location	Period	Reference
B3 C2	Jar-i Kulbad Sadd-i Eskandar/ Sadd-i Anushirvan/ Qizil Alan	R?L HRL	Bivar 1966 Huff 1981; Kiani 1982; Charlesworth 1987
C3	near Kharabshahr	R?L	Bivar 1966, 40

Unlocated Toponyms

Name	Period	Probable Location	Reference
Amard(h)a	CHRL	Amol?	EncIran Amol
Bikni/ Bitnik	C	Binah Kuh?	Herzfeld 1968, 194
Callope Catippa/ Casape	RL	Gorgan?	CHI 3(2), 768
Dribykes			RE
Pratitae/ Pantitae/ Pantimathoi	CHR		RE 2
Tabouria/	CHRL		CHI 3(2), 766
Taburistan Tagai		Taq?	RE Komisene

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